European Labour Authority

comparison with EBA role of the social partners

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ELA ARTICLE 5 TASKS OF THE AUTHORITY

(a) **facilitate access to information by individuals and employers** on rights and obligations in cross-border situations as well as access to cross-border labour mobility services,

(b) facilitate cooperation and the exchange of information between national authorities with a view to the effective enforcement of relevant Union law,

(c) coordinate and support concerted and joint inspections,

(d) carry out analyses and risk assessments on issues of cross-border labour mobility,

(e) **support Member States with capacity-building** regarding the effective enforcement of relevant Union law,

(f) **mediate in disputes between Member States**' authorities on the application of relevant Union law,

(g) facilitate cooperation between relevant stakeholders in the event of **cross-border labour market disruptions**.



EUROPEAN BANKING AUTHORITY (EBA) COMPETENCES (ABSTRACT)

develop draft regulatory or implementing technical standards in specific cases

issue guidelines and recommendation in specific cases

take individual **decisions** addressed to competent authorities in specific cases (settlement of disagreement)

in cases concerning directly applicable Union law, take individual decisions addressed to financial institutions, in specific cases

issue **opinions** to the European Parliament, the Council, or the Commission

collect the necessary information concerning financial institutions

develop common methodologies for assessing the effect of product characteristics and distribution processes on the financial position of institutions and on consumer protection;

provide a centrally accessible database of registered financial institutions



COMPARISON

<u>EBA</u>

<u>ELA</u>

facilitate access to information

facilitate cooperation and the exchange of information

coordinate and **support** concerted and joint inspections,

carry out analyses and risk assessments

support Member States with capacity-building
mediate in disputes

 \rightarrow supportive

develop technical standardsissue guidelines and recommendationtake individual decisionsissue opinionscollect the necessary informationdevelop common methodologiesprovide a database→ Setting standards,

supervising and supportive



• issue recommendation or/and standards

- regarding cooperation and the exchange of information between national authorities
- regarding provisions of mobility-related services to citizens and companies (Impact assessment, Option 3)

ELA, Art 12 "develop common guidelines"

• Possibility to take individual **decisions** in connection with the settlement of disagreements between competent authorities (see also next slide) ?

Support MS with capacity building, but no possibility to settle disagreements in a binding way?

- In depth assessment of the MS capacities (impact assessment, option 3)
- issue **opinions** on EU-law regarding cross-border situations



EBA Settlement of disagreements, Art 19

At the request of one or more of the competent autorities concerned

- 1. assist the authorities in reaching an agreement
- 2. shall **set a time limit** taking into account the complexity and urgency (EBA as a mediator)
- 3. if the competent authorities fail to reach an agreement the EBA may **take a decision** with binding effects for the competent authority concerned
- 4. where a competent authority does not comply with the decision the EBA may adopt an individual **decision aderessed to a financial institution** requiring the necessary action
- 5. decisions adopted under paragraph 4 shall prevail any previous decision adopted by the competent authorities on the same matter
- 6. The settlement shall be part of a report to the European Parliament when requested



ELA and social partners

- Proposal (Art 24)
 - part of the Stakeholder Group
 - meet twice a year, chaired by the Executive Director
 - may submit opinions and advice
- possible role
 - chair the Stakeholder Group (two years workers side, two years employers side)
 - right to get information at the meeting
 - right to get information on inquiry apart of the meeting
 - right to get information apart of the meeting in special cases (e.g. work program of the Management Board, analyses, mediation procedure, cross-border market disruptions)
 - hearing of the nominated Executive Director before appointment
 - Management Board has to coordinate the work program with the Stakeholder Group
 - two social partners (one of each side) being members of the Management Board
 - right to take part in working groups, expert panels or the Mediation Board